https://tinyurl.com/SUPPORTOURGENIUSJUL152020



https://tinyurl.com/SUPPORTOURGENIUSJUL152020

We're glad you're here.









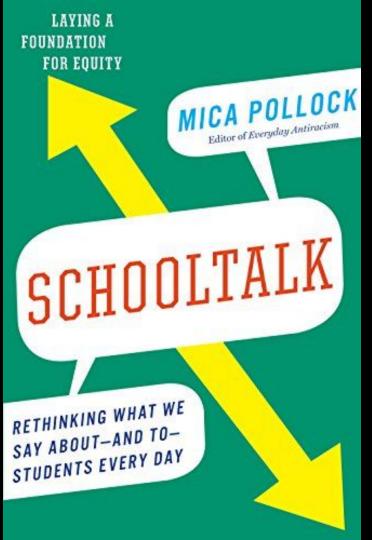
Supporting Historically Underserved Students





Supporting Historically & CURRENTLY Underserved Students





A Critical Conversation for "a different" Day.....

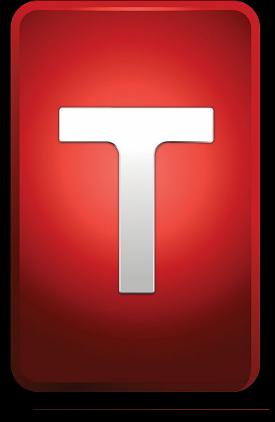
- Systemic Oppression
- Historical Context
- Implicit Bias
- Resource Inequity
- Internalized Racism
- Ableism
- Patriarchy
- White Fragility
- Cultural Competence



- Misogyny
- Language Bias
- Institutional Racism
- Structural Racism
- Individual/ Internalized Racism
- Gender Bias
- Sexual Orientation Bias/Preference
- Interpersonal Racism
- Cultural Proficiency



Thinking. Loving. Critiquing.



Thinking.

"Intentional focused thoughts shared with the intent of moving the conversation/work productively forward"



Loving.

"Saying + Doing in a manner that communicates respect, professionalism and a desire to be supportive"



"Posing, Pondering and Pushing with love through thoughtful inquiry"

Critiquing.



Share a research based high leverage strategy/process that is

- ➤ **Viable** (doable) and
- Effective (impactful)

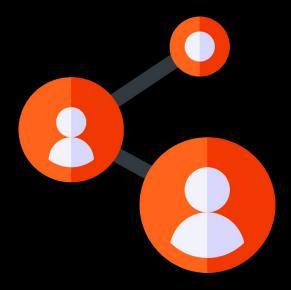




"We can, whenever and wherever we choose, successfully teach all children whose schooling is of interest to us. We already know more than we need to do this. Whether we do it or not must finally depend on how we feel about the fact that we have not done it so far."

-Dr. Ron Edmonds
Effective Schools Research





Connect Our Learning Community



Dr. Jamila Lyiscott

- Community Engaged Scholar
- Associate Professor of Social Justice Education at University of Massachusetts Amherst
- Senior Research Fellow of the Teachers College qt Columbia University's Institute for Urban and Minority Education

JAMILA LYISCOTT

Issues of Race, Voice, and Justice Within and Beyond the Classroom





What might be some of your initial thoughts?

What resonated with you?

What did not resonate?

What might you...

- ARGUE with?
- AGREE with?
- ACT on?

Add video





Reminder:

First person to present

will be the person with the closest birthday to today's date





What might be some of your initial thoughts?

What resonated with you?

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What might you...

- ARGUE with?
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Focus in Brief

THE DILEMMA

How do we serve the genius of our historically/currently underserved student population in empowering, enduring and empathetic manner?

A SOLUTION -IN PART

Education leaders should focus on learning by designing, developing and deciding what students should know and be able to do (GVC).

THE BENEFITS

- REAL process develops collective teacher team efficacy
- ★ GVC integrates equity of learning expectations into the instructional program
- ★ Students, parents and staff have complete clarity and focus









Share a research based high leverage strategy/process that is

Viable (doable) and

➤ **Effective** (impactful)

Our Context

Who are our historically/currently underserved students?

Emerging Bilinguals

AKA

"English Learners"

Foster Youth

Students meeting FRPM requirement

Who are our historically/currently underserved students?

Racial /Ethnic Minorities

- Latinx
- Filipino
- Native/Indigenous
- Black/African American
- Asian
- Two or more races

Student w/ Different Abilities

LGBTQIA

Students experiencing homelessness

Emerging Bilinguals

AKA

"English Learners

Foster Youth

Students meeting FRPM requirement



y f 0 v

Who We Are V What We Do V News and Media V Our Resources V What You Can Do

Resource

Student Achievement Analysis: Results of the 2018-19 Smarter Balanced Assessments

Share this article: f y in @ 🖾

Oct 11, 2019 by Ed Trust-West

Recently, the California Department of Education released the results of our state's college- and careerreadiness aligned assessments, the California Assessment of Student Performance and Progress (CAASPP). These assessments measure the types of high-level skills students need to be ready for college or a rewarding career. The Education Trust-West team analyzed the results and created a PowerPoint summarizing key data points. One thing is clear: We have to do much better, much faster. Among the key results of the 2019 CAASPP include:



WEALTH



Education represents one area where institutional and structural racism abound..which also means it is an area

where there is

outcomes -Dr. Rose, Brown University

EDUCATION



HOUSING



MEDIA



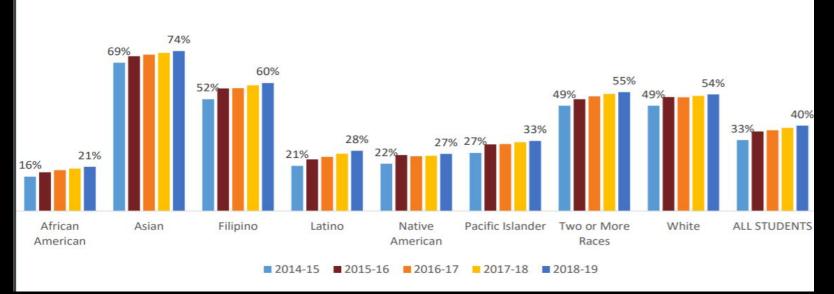
CRIMINAL JUSTICE



What is our current education context?

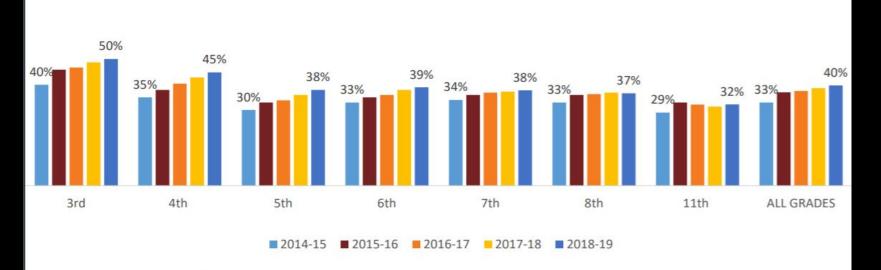
Achievement gaps across ethnic groups persisted in Math

Percent Meeting or Exceeding Standards on SBAC Math, All Grades, by Ethnicity (2014-15 to 2018-19)



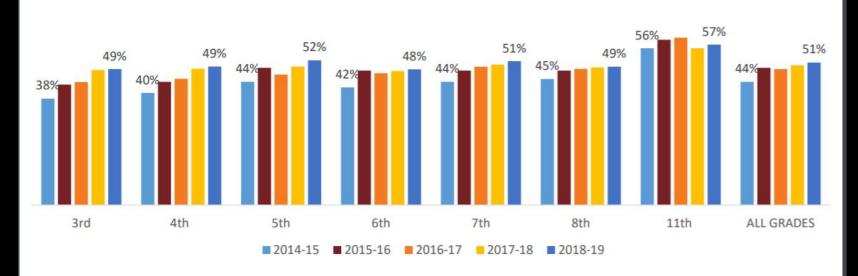
Math scores improved in the early grades, but improvement was small or flat in the later grades

Percent Meeting or Exceeding Standards on SBAC Math (2014-15 to 2018-19)



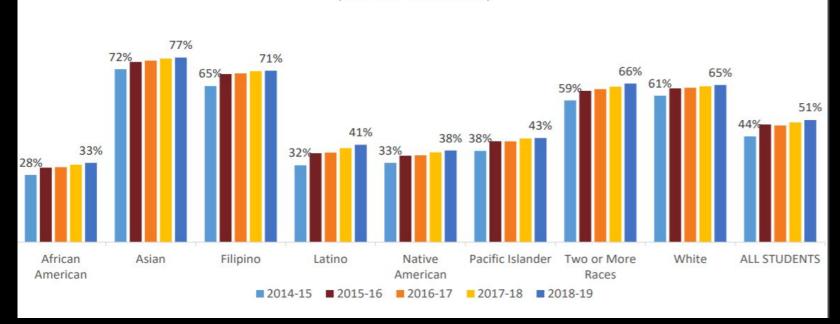
English language arts/literacy scores improved in the early grades but stagnated in the later grades

Percent Meeting or Exceeding Standards on SBAC ELA (2014-15 to 2018-19)



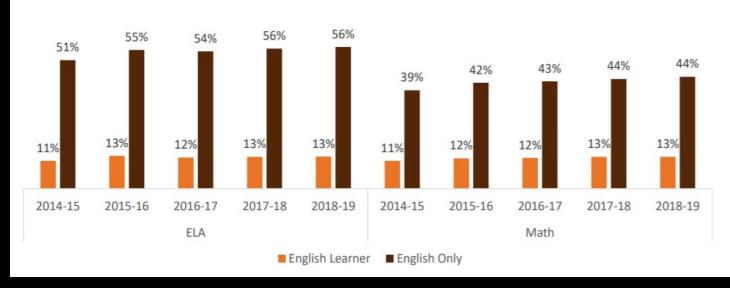
Achievement gaps across ethnic groups persisted in English language arts/literacy

Percent Meeting or Exceeding Standards on SBAC ELA, All Grades, by Ethnicity (2014-15 to 2018-19)



Gaps between English learners and non-English learners widened in English language arts and stagnated in Math

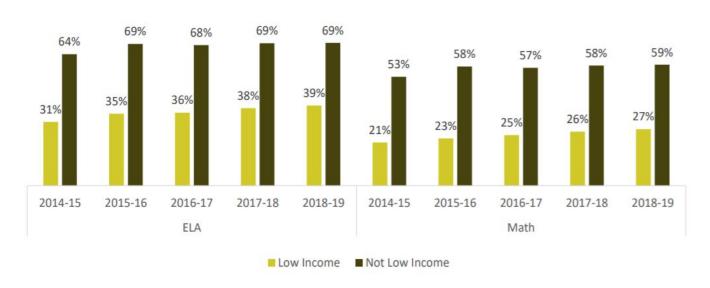
Percent Meeting or Exceeding Standards on SBAC ELA and Math, All Grades, by English Learner Status (2014-15 to 2018-19)



Source: California Department of Education, 2019 (accessed Oct. 2019). Numbers may sum differently due to rounding

Gaps between low-income and non-low income students decreased slightly in English language arts and stagnated in Math

Percent Meeting or Exceeding Standards on SBAC ELA and Math, All Grades, by Income Status (2014-15 to 2018-19)



Source: California Department of Education, 2019 (accessed Oct. 2019). Numbers may sum differently due to rounding



FIGURE 1 STUDENT SUCCESS ON ASSIGNMENTS VERSUS MASTERY OF GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS ON THOSE ASSIGNMENTS

Students succeeded on

71%

of their assignments

They met grade-level standards on

17%

of those exact same assignments

Even though most students are meeting the demands of their assignments, they're not prepared for college-level work because those assignments don't often give them the chance to reach for that bar.



"I'm willing to take any chance in my life for this dream."

Isaac, 11th grade

...but 4 out of 10 classrooms with a majority of students of color never received a single grade-level assignment.

38%

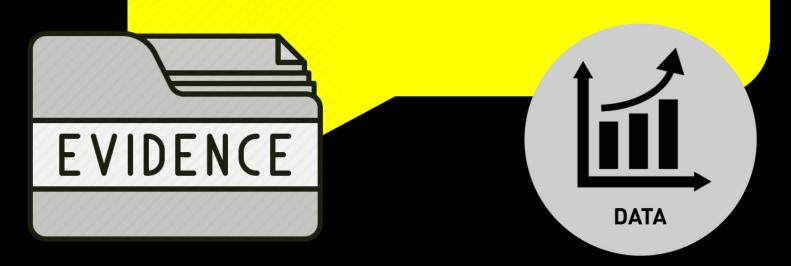
12%

Percent of classrooms that had no grade-level assignments in classrooms with mostly students of color Percent of classrooms that had no grade-level assignments in classrooms with mostly white students

11



What other data/evidence might we consider as we work to understand the how the existing system serves our historically/currently underserved students?



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Education leaders should focus on learning by designing, developing and deciding what students should know and be able to do (GVC).

THE BENEFITS

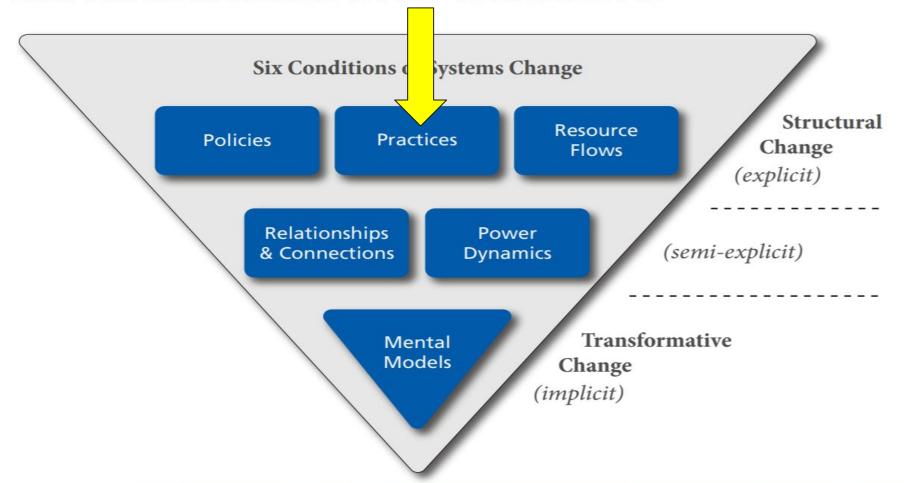
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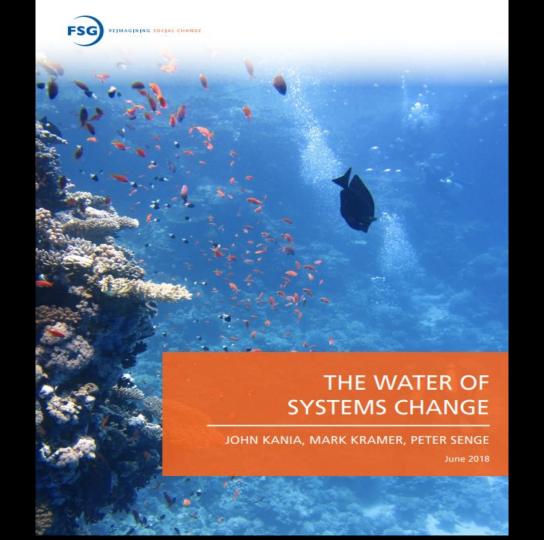






FIGURE 1. SHIFTING THE CONDITIONS THAT HOLD THE PROBLEM IN PLACE





EXISTING EDUCATION SYSTEM What might be the high leverage system focused strategies we can implement while working toward a transformative system?

DESIRED EDUCATION SYSTEM

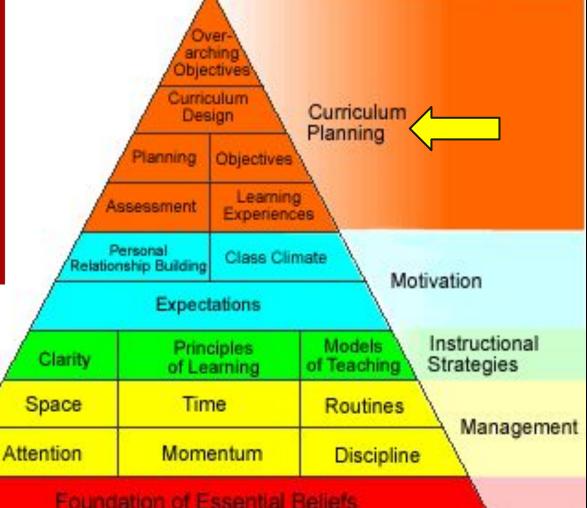
THE SKILLFUL TEACHER



The Comprehensive Resource for Improving Teaching and Learning

7TH EDITION

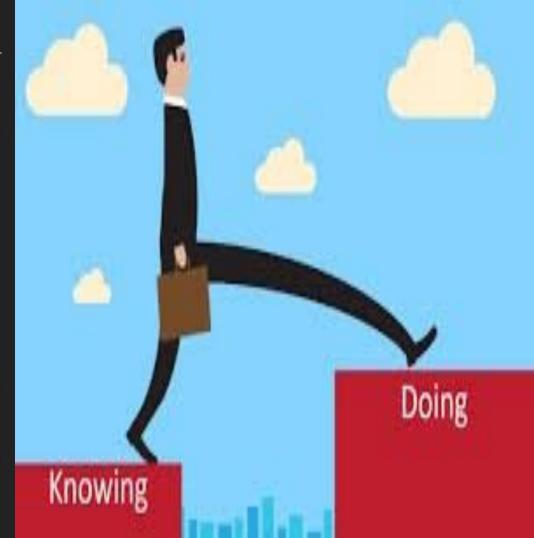
JON SAPHIER | MARY ANN HALEY-SPECA | ROBERT GOWER



Foundation of Essential Beliefs

"One of the main barriers to turning knowledge into action is the tendency to treat talking about something as equivalent to actually doing something about it."

Robert Sutton and Jeffrey Pfeffer.





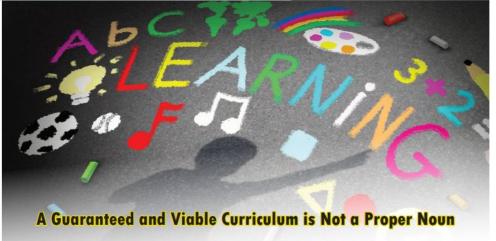
EQUITY IN PRACTICE #1

Guaranteed & Viable Curriculum

TEDSA Texas Elementary Principals & Supervisors Association EVS

Serving Texas School Leaders August 2016 Vol. 73, No. 4 www.tepsa.org

Best Practices/Tom Many, EdD



"One of the most powerful things a school can do to help enhance student achievement is to guarantee that specific content is taught in specific courses and grade levels." -DuFour and Marzano (2011), pg. 89

DOES OUR SCHOOL HAVE A

GUARANTEED AND VIABLE CURRICULUM (GVC)?



A GVC requires a collegial process to keep it alive and meaningful to stakeholders. Consider these questions to assess the status of your GVC:



Does our school have an agreement and common understanding of the essential content all students must know, understand, and be able to do?

- Collegial teams analyze essential content to ensure consistent interpretation among teachers.
- Common written resources (e.g. scope & sequence charts, clear learning targets, aligned assessments) guide instruction.
- Lesson activities are aligned with the content and cognitive demand of learning targets and support the needs of diverse learners.



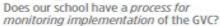
Does our school have structures that provide ongoing support to our teachers and school leaders for implementing the GVC?

- Regular time for collaborative planning is scheduled.
- Tools such as innovation configuration maps clarify implementation levels.
- Flexible schedules offer opportunities for reinforcement and extension.



Are performance criteria established and communicated to all stakeholders?

- Teachers agree on performance criteria and apply them with consistency.
- Tools (e.g. learning guides, rubrics) clearly communicate performance expectations.
- Students track their own progress toward learning targets using established criteria.



- Collegial review of student progress informs next-step planning.
- Teachers provide input on strengths/challenges of the GVC.
- Teacher input is used to improve the quality/usability of the GVC.

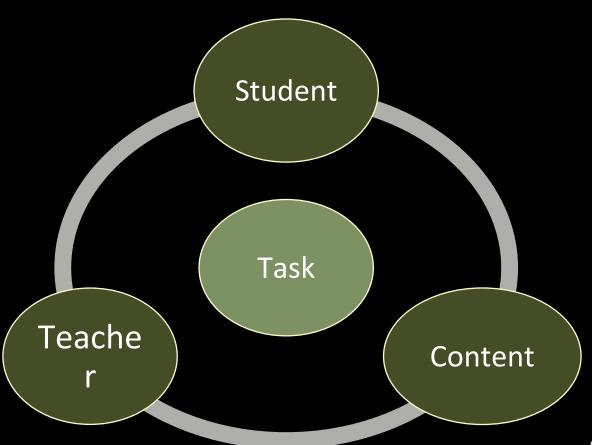


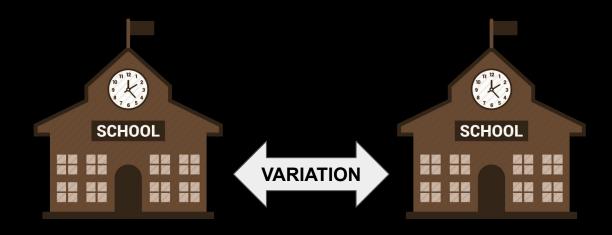
slido

Does your school or district have a guaranteed and viable curriculum?

(i) Start presenting to display the poll results on this slide.

Instructional Core







Theory of Improvement

If we can design and decide on the essential learning/priority standards of what student should know and be able to do...





We can begin to effectively and sustainably address inequitable academic, behavioral and social-emotional student outcomes

The Research....

Teachers focused on equitable learning outcomes develop, decide and design a guaranteed and viable curriculum through (Many, 2015)



To ensure each student has the opportunity to master the same essential learning..leaders must engage every teacher in a collaborative process to study, clarify, and committed to teaching the guaranteed and viable curriculum (Dufour et al. 2015)

The single most important initiative a school or district can engage in to raise student achievement (Marzano, 2019)

What is a guaranteed and viable curriculum?

Every student is provided the opportunity to learn a core curriculum/ which provides them with the higher probability of successful learning in school. This is accomplish through teachers designing and deciding on priority standards using the REAL process.

What is a viable curriculum? Schools make sure that the necessary time is available and protected so students will be able to learn the guaranteed curriculum.

(Marzano, 2019)

The How...

Leverage

Knowledge and skills that will last beyond a class or course.

Endurance

Knowledge and skills that cross over into many domains of learning.

Assessed

Knowledge and skills important to subsequent content or courses.

Readiness

Knowledge and skills will be assessed on state or district assessments.

The Resource....

REPRODUCIBLE

Figure 3.4: Protocol for Prioritizing Standards

Step 1	Identify the area of focus and the related standards for review.
Step 2	Define the following decision-making criteria (which Reeves [2002] and Ainsworth [2013] identify) to ensure team clarity: endurance, leverage, readiness for the next level of learning, testing requirements, and student needs. Modify, add, and define additional criteria as needed. Agree to the final list before proceeding.
Step 3	Provide each team member with a list of the standards. Establish a guideline for the maximum number of standards that individual members should select (generally in the ballpark of eight to ten standards per area of study) to determine the final list. Have individual team members use highlighters to denote the standards they consider most important.
Step 4	Create a collective set of the resulting choices of standards for consideration and final selection. Display a clean set of the standards to walk through as a team, and determine how decisions regarding which standards to select as priority standards will be made at this point. Note: If the team is in agreement, and the number of selected standards falls within the team guideline, skip to step 6.
Step 5	Narrow or enhance the list in a team discussion. Review the list standard by standard, discussing each decision-making criterion per standard and noting which criteria fit most with each standard. Code the standards to denote appropriate criteria by using terms, symbols, or colors. There are several options for coding. • Discuss, come to agreements, and then code on a single list that is projected for all to see. • List the identified standards on poster paper, and have individual team members code each standard with designated colors or symbols to represent each of the five criteria. For example— • Use yellow or a star to identify standards that address endurance. • Use pink or a check mark to identify standards that address leverage. • Use green or a circle to identify standards that address readiness for the next level of learning. • Use orange or a box to identify standards that address stesting requirements. • Use orange or a box to identify standards that address identified student areas of need. • Have team members code standards on their own (see the reproducible "Template for Prioritizing Standards," page 68) and then aggregate those results by listing the codes each standard was awarded and the number of times that same code was offered to that standard (for example, three team members thought this standard had and endurance, two coded it for leverage). As a team, select the standards that meet the greatest number of the most significant criteria. Note: During the discussion, review test specifications and student achievement data as necessary to resolve questions regarding the testing requirements and student needs

DEDDODUCIBLE

Figure 3.4: Protocol for Prioritizing Standards

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page 1 of 2



Reminder:

First person to present in the breakout room

will be the person with the closest birthday to today's date



PEDDODUCIBLE

Figure 3.4: Protocol for Prioritizing Standards

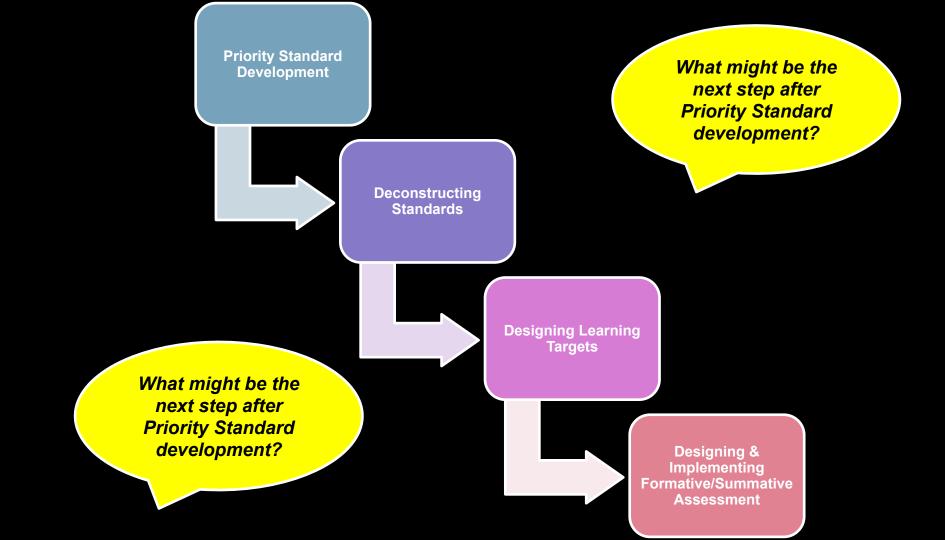
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necessary to resolve questions regarding the testing requirements and student needs

What might be some of your initial thoughts?

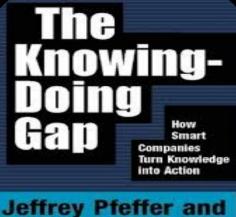
How might this work apply to your current role?

What might it take to begin this work in your classroom/school/district context?



I don't think eliminating the knowing-doing gap depends on the amount of knowledge around. It depends much more on people's attitudes and intentions - do they actually want to turn knowledge into action, or just go through the motions of acting as if they are busy or are accomplishing something.

- Jeffrey Pfeffer



Robert I. Sutton

CHOOL PRES

The Smart-Talk Trap

The key to success in business is

action But in most companies

YONSIDER TWO STORIES, both sadly true and sadly typical. An international metals and oil company was posting terrible numberssales and profits were down, as was share price. The company's senior executives were mortified by the results, they knew major changes in tive. Their response: to spend at least half their time in darkened rooms, watching elaborate presentations about the company's performance time-to-market for its new products. a large furniture company conducted a careful benchmarking study. The results were clear: a project-base solve the problem. But more than a year later, the company had not instituted a single change. Senior

plagues companies of every size gurus making the rounds on the

executives although uniformly

turing the organization, were still

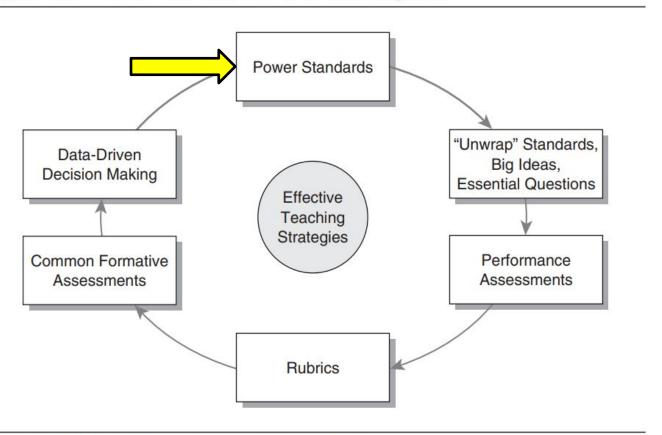
ed with...decisions to have more

and type. In our four years of research people are rewarded at nearly 100 companies, we observed it at global conglomerates and at for talking- and the 20-employee start-ups, at capital-ir ensive manufacturers and at knowl the better. The edge-driven service firms. It is not the but of knowing too much and doing too little. We call this pheno

e knowing-doing gap that can belo Most executives know what they the tran into trouble - when sales slip or cus tomer satisfaction erodes or produc tivity and quality problems emerge To plot a course, they can draw on eir own experience and insight their colleagues' ideas, and the cated information systems. If that's not enough, they can tap into th the walls of their own companies sands of articles published every year, the legions of managemen consultants armed with the lates a particular kind of inertia that tools and concepts, the dozens of

Jeffrey Pfeffer is the Thomas D. Dee Professor of C Stanford Engineering School, where he is also codirector of the Cente

Figure 1.1 How Powerful Practices Work Together



SOURCE: Used with permission of Robert Smelser.

Figure 1.2 Standards-Assessment Alignment Diagram ➤ Annual State Assessments <</p> End-of-Course District Benchmark Formative Summative Assessment or Summative Assessments (Elementary) (Secondary) School-Based Common Formative Post-Assessments Conceptual Units of Instruction Data Teams and Effective Data Teams and Effective With Classroom Performance **Teaching Strategies Teaching Strategies** Assessment Tasks and Rubrics School-Based Common Formative Pre-Assessments "Unwrapping" Standards, Big Ideas, and Essential Questions Power Standards

SOURCE: Copyright © 2005, Larry Ainsworth, Center for Performance Assessment,

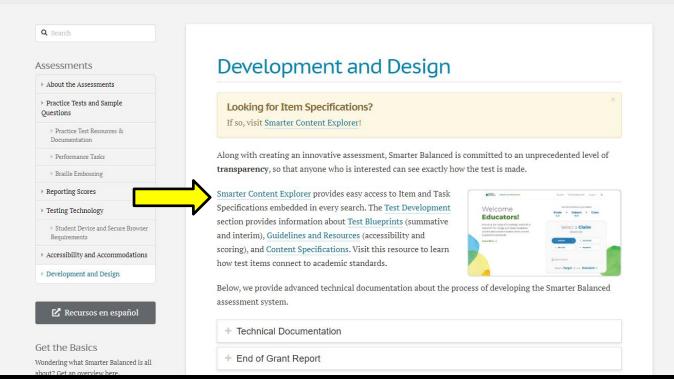
Deeper Dive....

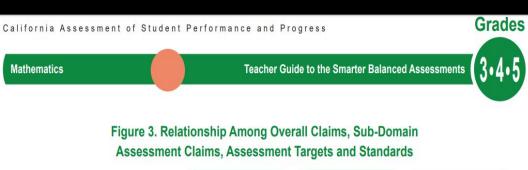




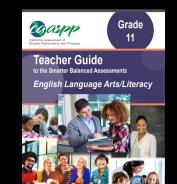
About Smarter Balanced ★ Assessments ★ For Parents & Students For Educators ★ Smarter News Contact Q

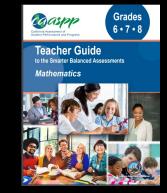
♠ > Smarter Assessments > Development and Design

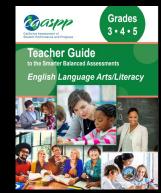




Claim 1 **Assessment** Standard(s) (Sub-Domain) Target(s) Claim 2 Assessment Standard(s) (Sub-Domain) Target(s) **Overall Claim** (Content Domain— **ELA or Mathematics**) Claim 3 **Assessment** Standard(s) (Sub-Domain) Target(s) Claim 4 Assessment Standard(s) (Sub-Domain) Target(s)







slido

Audience Q&A Session

(i) Start presenting to display the audience questions on this slide.

What sits squarely with you?

I agree with

What is rolling around in your head?

I have a question about.....

What 3 ideas will you hold on to?

I want to remember.....

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- ★ GVC integrates equity of learning expectations into the instructional program
- ★ Students, parents and staff have complete clarity and focus











Life is very short and what we have to do must be done in the now.

— Audre Lorde —

AZ QUOTES

CULTURALLY SUSTAINING PEDAGOGIES

Teaching and Learning for Justice in a Changing World



DJANGO PARIS . H. SAMY ALIM

"Culturally sustaining educators connect present learning to the histories of racial, ethnic, and linguistic communities, to the histories of neighborhoods and cities, and the histories of the larger states and nationstates that they are part of."

 - Django Paris & H. Samy Alim in Education Week Teacher